17MATDIP41

USN

## Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2019/Jan.2020 Additional Mathematics – II

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

## Module-1

1 a. Find the rank of the matrix:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 5 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 8 & 13 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$
 by elementary row transformations, (08 Marks)

b. Solve by Gauss elimination method

$$2x + y + 4z = 12$$
  
 $4x + 11y - z = 33$   
 $8x - 3y + 2z = 20$ 

(06 Marks)

c. Find all the eigen values for the matrix 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -6 & 2 \\ -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

(06 Marks)

OR

2 a. Reduce the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 5 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$
 into its echelon form and hence find its rank.

(06 Marks)

b. Applying Gauss elimination method, solve the system of equations

$$2x + 5y + 7z = 52$$
$$2x + y - z = 0$$
$$x + y + z = 9$$

(06 Marks)

c. Find all the eigen values for the matrix 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -2 & 0 \\ -2 & 6 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

(08 Marks)

Module-2

3 a. Solve 
$$\frac{d^4y}{dx^4} - \frac{2d^3y}{dx^3} + \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 0$$

(06 Marks)

b. Solve 
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - \frac{6dy}{dx} + 9y = 5e^{-2x}$$

(06 Marks)

c. Solve 
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \sec x$$
 by the method of variation of parameters.

(08 Marks)

OP

**4** a. Solve 
$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + y = 0$$

(06 Marks)

b. Solve 
$$y'' + 3y' + 2y = 12x^2$$

(06 Marks)

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

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Solve by the method of undetermined coefficients:

$$y'' - 4y' + 4y = e^{x}$$

(08 Marks)

Module-3

Find the Laplace transforms of sin5t cos2t

(06 Marks)

Find the Laplace transforms of  $(3t + 4)^3$ 

(06 Marks)

Express  $f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin 2t & 0 < t < \pi \\ 0 & t > \pi \end{cases}$ 

in terms of unit step function and hence find L[f(t)].

(08 Marks)

a. Find the Laplace transforms of

(06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

b. Find the Laplace transform of  $2^t + t \sin t$ c. If  $f(t) = t^2$ , 0 < t < 2 and f(t + 2) = f(t), for t > 2, find L[f(t)].

(08 Marks)

Find the Laplace Inverse of

 $\frac{1}{(s+1)(s-1)(s+2)}$ 

(08 Marks)

Find the inverse Laplace transform of

(06 Marks)

Solve  $y'' + 2y' - 3y = \sin t$ , y(0) = 0,

(06 Marks)

OR

Find the inverse Laplace transform of

 $\log\left(\frac{s+a}{s+b}\right)$ 

(06 Marks)

Find the inverse Laplace transform of

(06 Marks)

Find the inverse Laplace of  $y'' - 5y' + 6y = e^t$  with y(0) = y'(0) = 0.

(08 Marks)

State and prove Addition theorem on probability.

(05 Marks)

A student A can solve 75% of the problems given in the book and a student B can solve 70%. What is the probability that A or B can solve a problem chosen at random.

c. Three machines A, B, C produce 50%, 30% and 20% of the items in a factory. The percentage of defective outputs of these machines are 3, 4 and 5 respectively. If an item is selected at random, what is the probability that it is defective? If a selected item is defective, what is the probability that it is from machine A? (09 Marks)

OR

Find the probability that the birth days of 5 persons chosen at random will fall in 12 different calendar months. (05 Marks)

b. A box A contains 2 white balls and 4 black balls. Another box B contains 5 white balls and 7 black balls. A ball is transferred from box A to box B. Then a ball is drawn from box B. Find the probability that it is white. (06 Marks)

State and prove Baye's theorem.

(09 Marks)